Search for a light charged Higgs boson decaying to a W boson and a CP-odd Higgs boson in final states with  $e\mu\mu$  or  $\mu\mu\mu$  in proton-proton collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 13$  TeV

—Supplemental Material—

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FIG. 1. The fraction of signal events passing the final event selection in the  $e\mu\mu$  (left) and  $\mu\mu\mu$  (right) final states. The fraction is relative to the yield before the decays of the two W bosons in the signal processes  $(t\bar{t} \rightarrow b\bar{b}W^+W^-\mu^+\mu^-)$ , which include the branching fraction of each decay mode of the two W bosons ( $\mathcal{B}$ ) and the acceptance (A) times efficiency ( $\varepsilon$ ) of the event selection for the decay mode. All decay modes of the two W bosons are considered in the calculation except the cases where both of the bosons decay hadronically.



FIG. 2. The  $m_{\mu\mu}$  distribution of candidate muon pairs from A bosons (left) and the event yields in each signal window (right) in the  $e\mu\mu$  (upper) and  $\mu\mu\mu$  (lower) final states. A constant bin size (1 GeV) is used in the left figures except the last bin of [80, 81.2] (GeV). Values of  $m_{\mu\mu}$  at centers of the corresponding windows are written in the parentheses on the x axis of the right figures. The expected signal distribution for  $m_{H^+} = 130$  and  $m_A = 45$  GeV is also shown on top of the expected backgrounds assuming  $\sigma(t\bar{t}) = 832$  pb and  $\mathcal{B}_{sig} = 6 \times 10^{-6}$ .



FIG. 3. Upper limits at 95% C.L. on  $\mathcal{B}_{sig}$  for the 95  $m_A$  values, with an assumption of  $m_{H^+} = m_A + 85 \text{ GeV}$  (upper) or  $m_{H^+} = 160 \text{ GeV}$  (lower), for individual final states (left:  $e\mu\mu$  and right:  $\mu\mu\mu$  final states). In the calculation, the same value of  $\sigma(t\bar{t})$  as in Fig. 2 is assumed.